OpenSesame Tutorial Ting Y R Kan



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Mathôt, S., Schreij, D., & Theeuwes, J. (2012). OpenSesame: An open-source, graphical experiment builder for the social sciences. *Behavior Research Methods*, 44(2), 314-324. doi:10.3758/s13428-011-0168-7

Why OpenSesame

- Free
- Open-source
- Graphic user interface or Python
- Platforms supported
 - Windows
 - Mac
 - Android
 - Linux

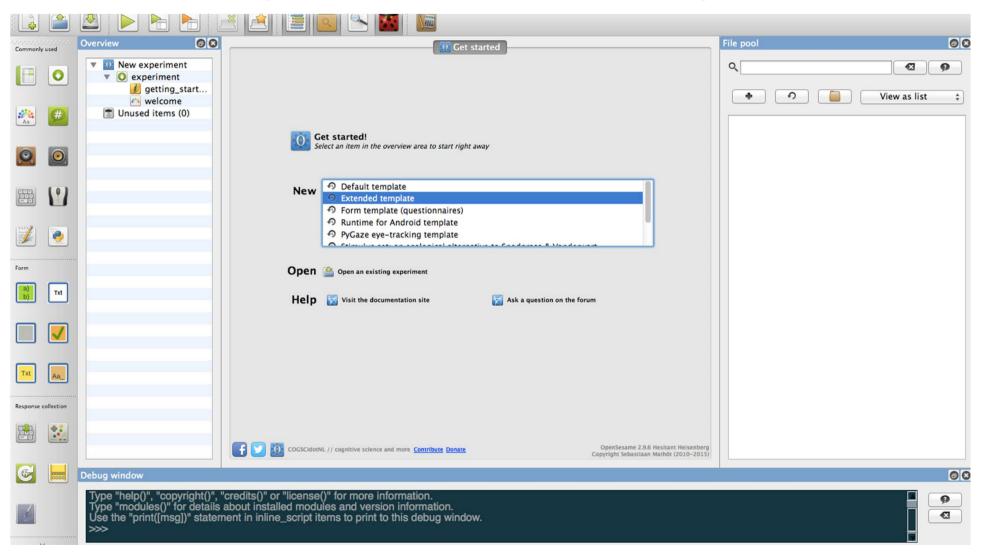
Supports

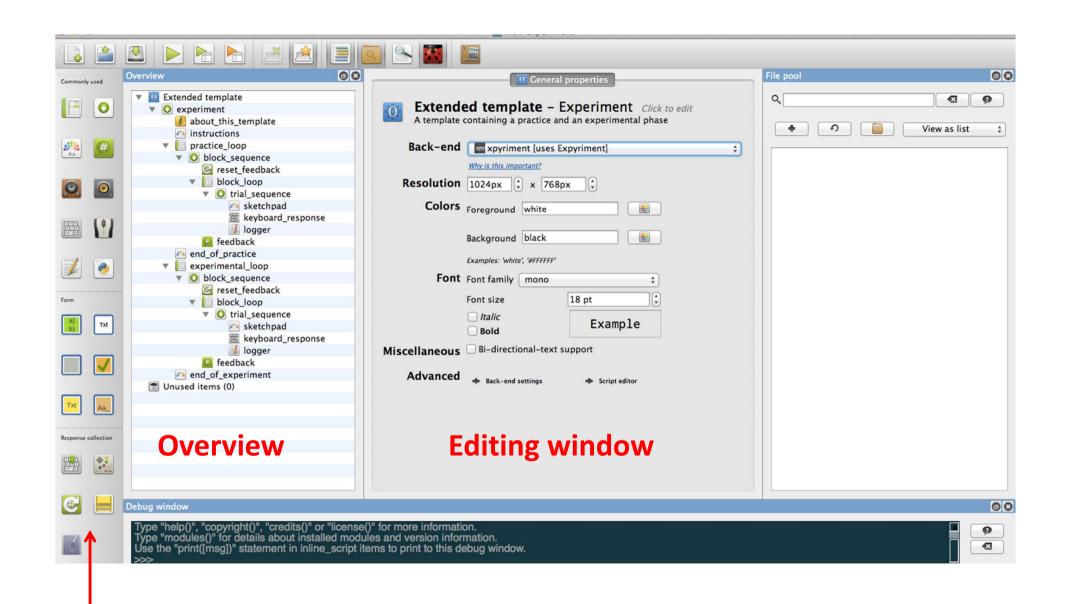
- Image and sound
 - WAV/OGG
 - PNG
- Devices
 - Eye tracker
 - Button box

Other experiments

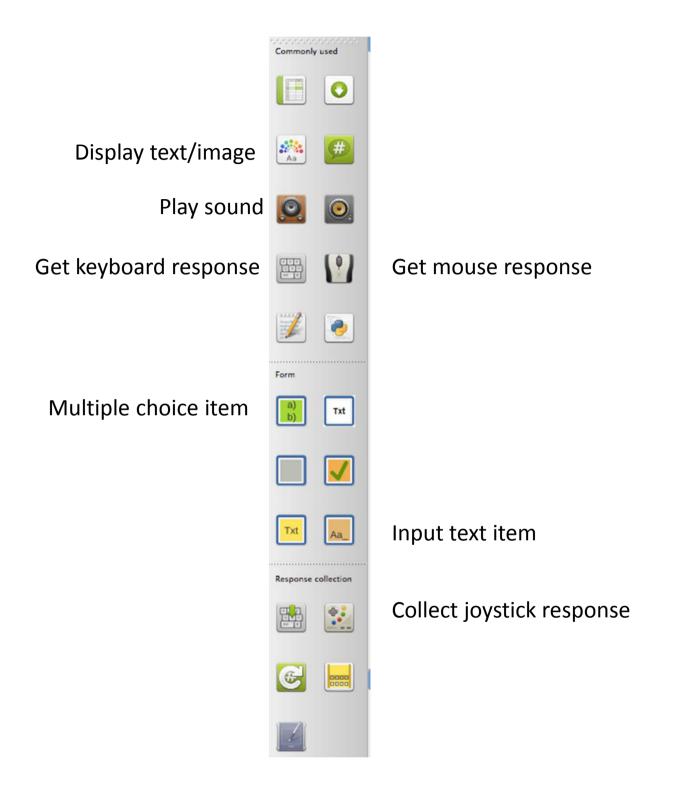
- Discrimination
- Eye-tracking
- EEG

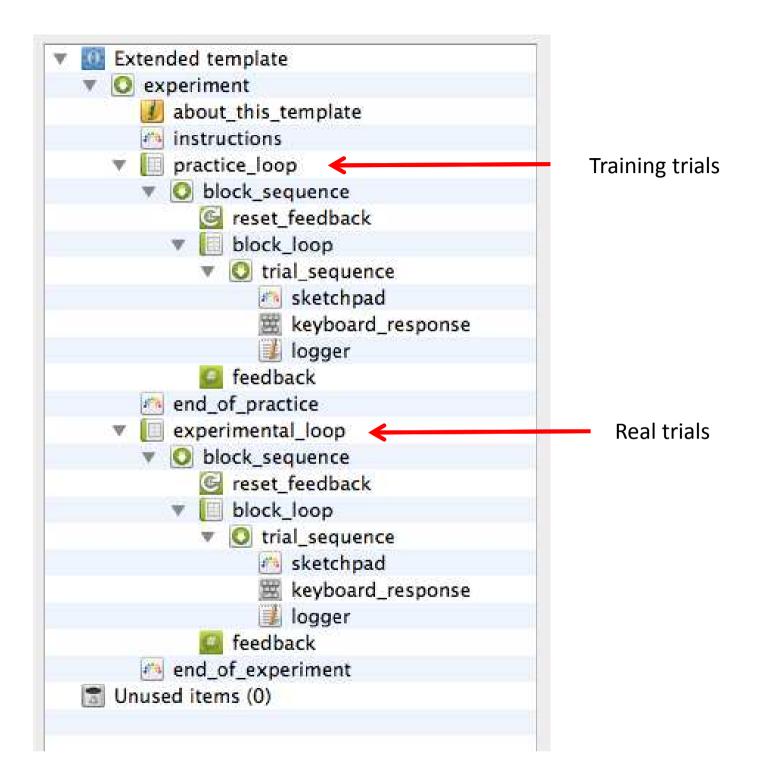
1. Open extended template



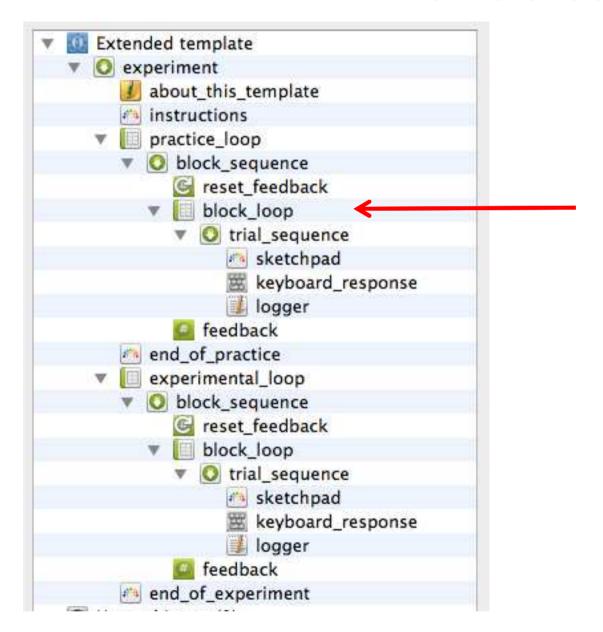


Experiment components

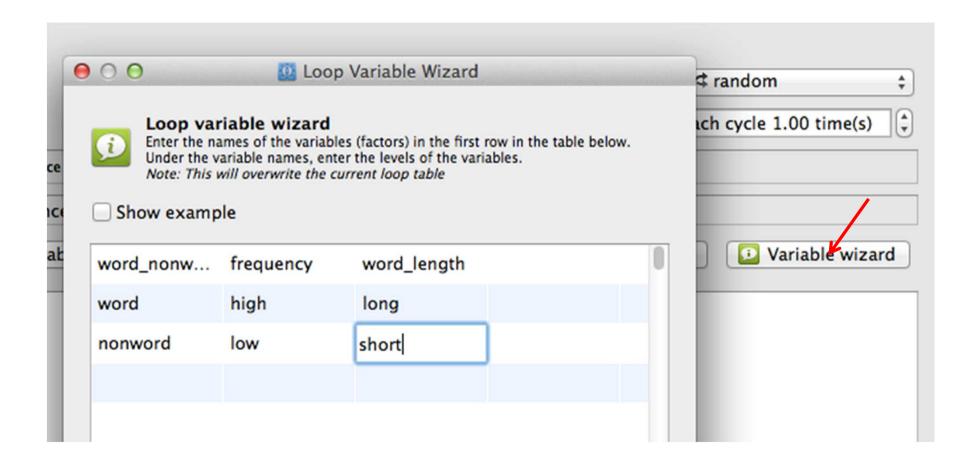




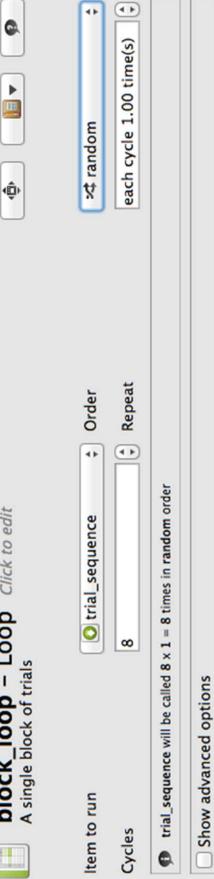
Variables



block_loop







Variable wizard

Apply weights

* Remove variable

Rename variable

- Add variable

	word_nonword	frequency	word_length
1	1 word	high	long
2	2 word	high	short
m	3 word	low	long
4	4 word	low	short
2	5 nonword	high	long
9	6 nonword	high	short
7	7 nonword	low	long
œ	8 nonword	low	short

Lexical decision:

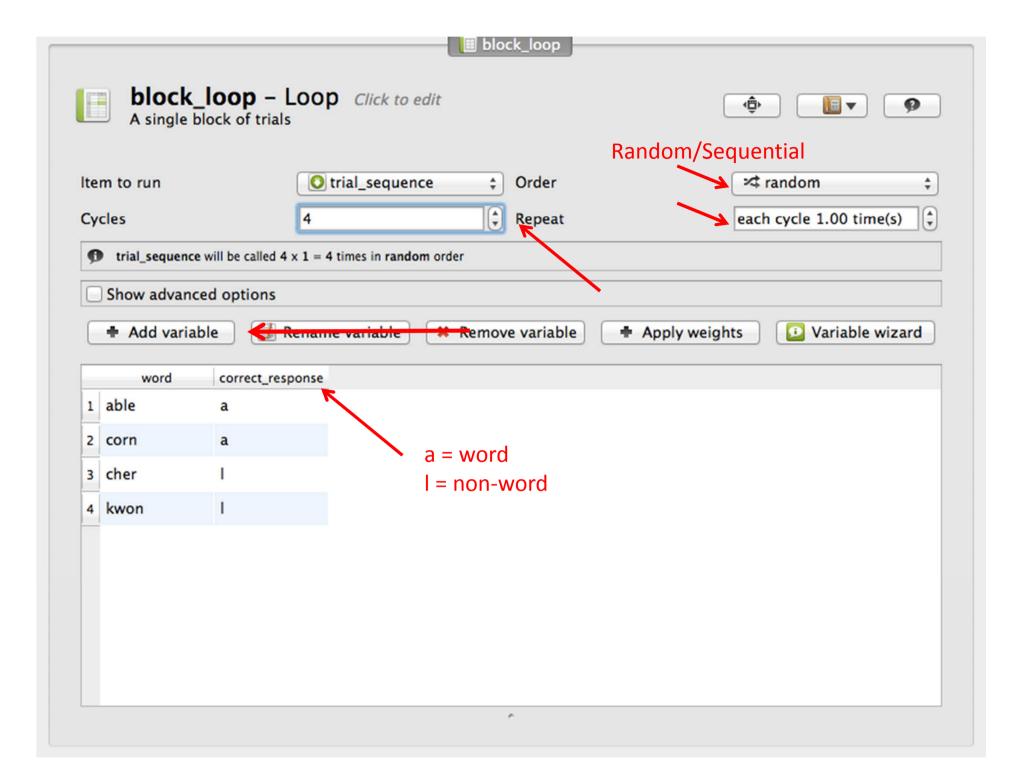
pair: word or nonword

prime: form-related or unrelated

Word Non-word

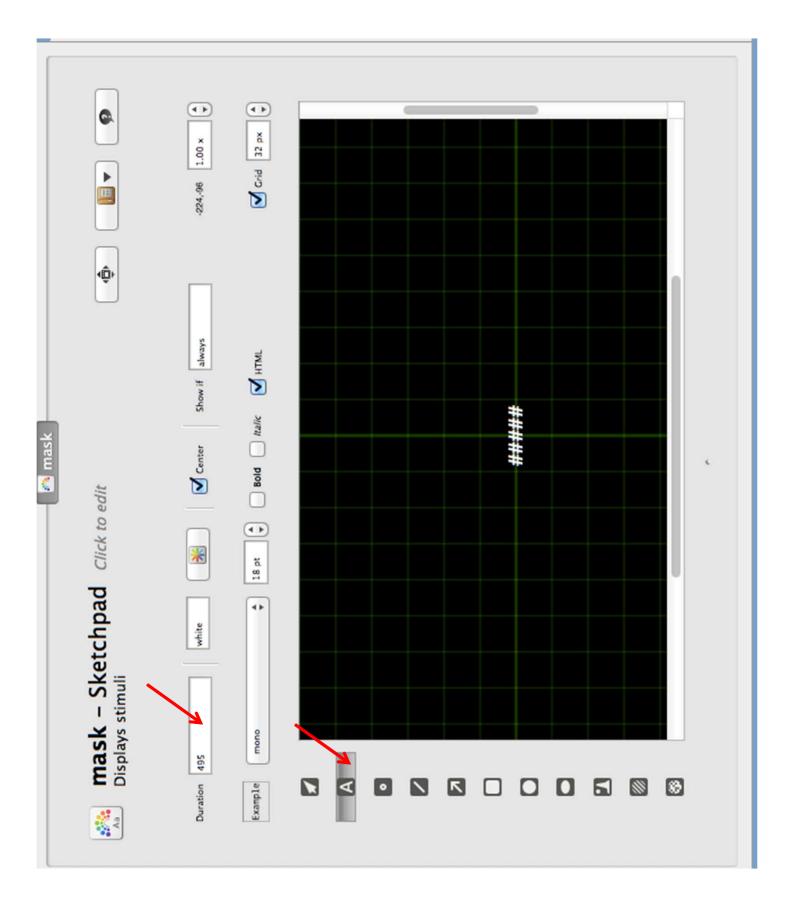
Form-related able-axle cher-chir

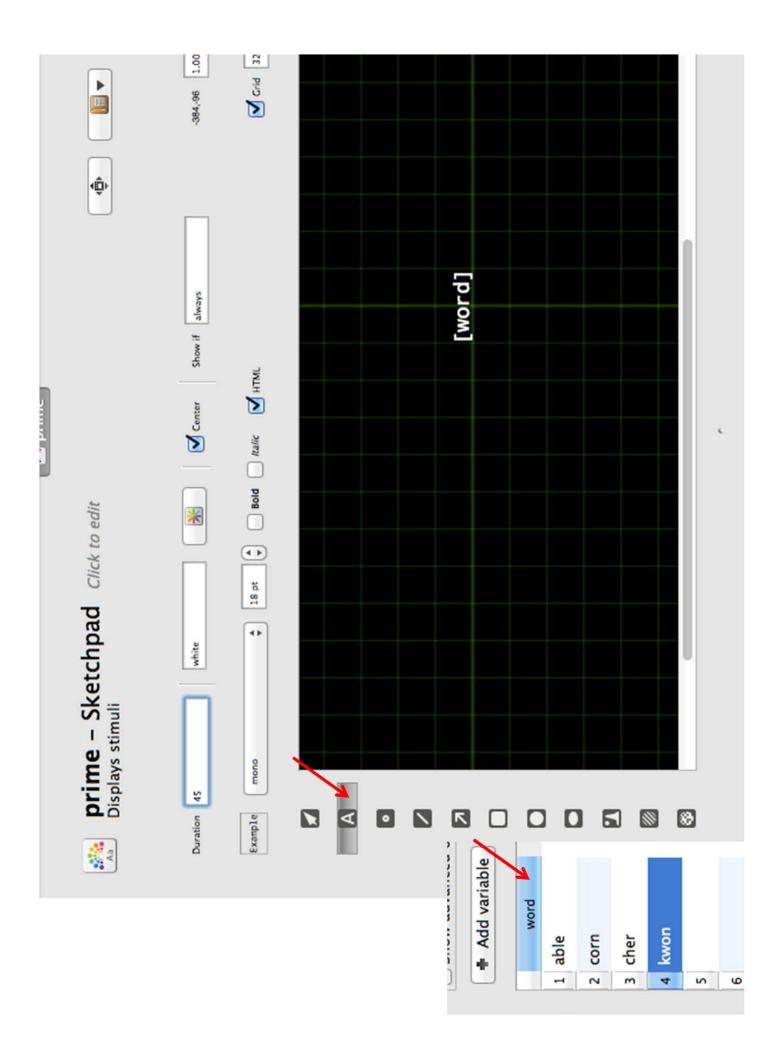
Form-unrelated corn-axle kwon-chir











- Choose a duration that is possible given your monitor's refresh rate. For example, if your monitor's refresh rate is 60 Hz, it means that every frame lasts 16.7 ms (= 1000 ms/60 Hz). Therefore, on a 60 Hz monitor, you should always select a duration that is a multiple of 16.7 ms, such as 16.7, 33.3, 50, 100, etc.
- In the duration field of the sketchpad specify a duration that is a few milliseconds shorter than what you're aiming for. So if you want to present a sketchpad for 50 ms, choose a duration of 45. If you want to present a sketchpad for 1000 ms, choose a duration of 995. Etcetera.
- http://osdoc.cogsci.nl/tutorials/step-by-step-tutorial/

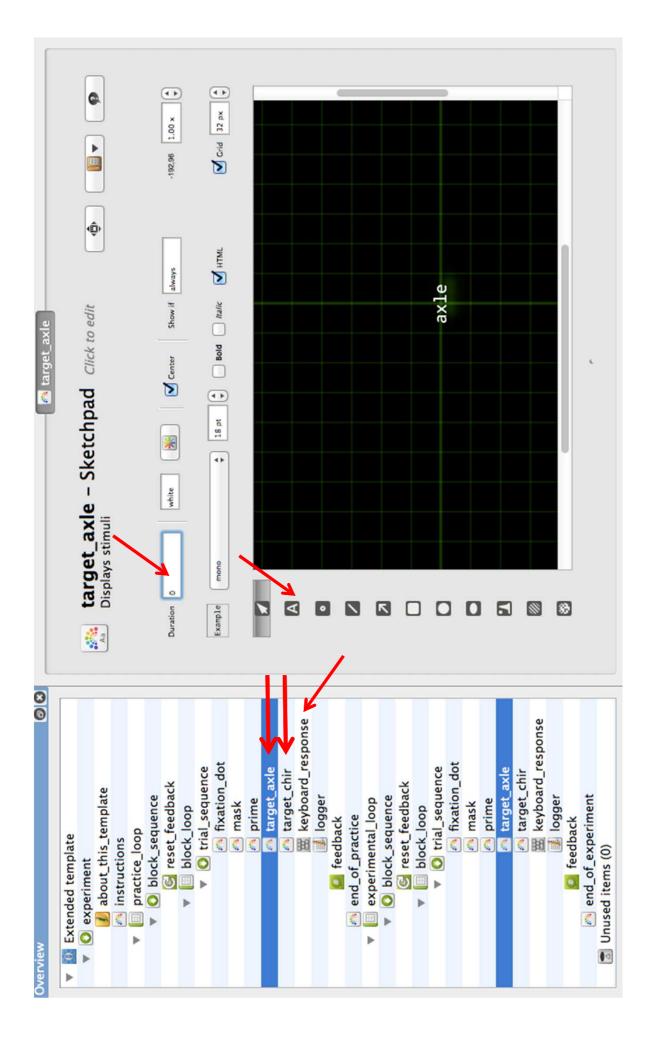
Target words

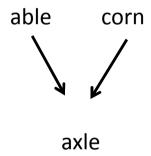
Word Non-word

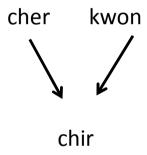
Form-related able-axle cher-chir

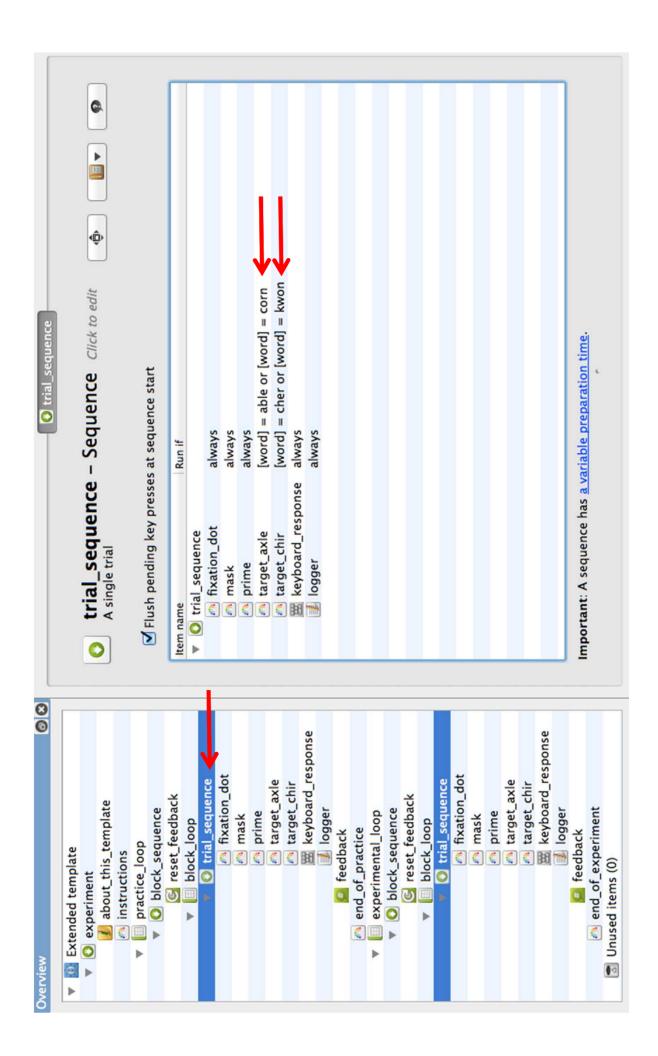
Form-unrelated corn-axle kwon-chir

Target words = axle; chir











keyboard_response - Keyboard Response Click to edit Collects keyboard responses

0

(

Allowed responses Correct response

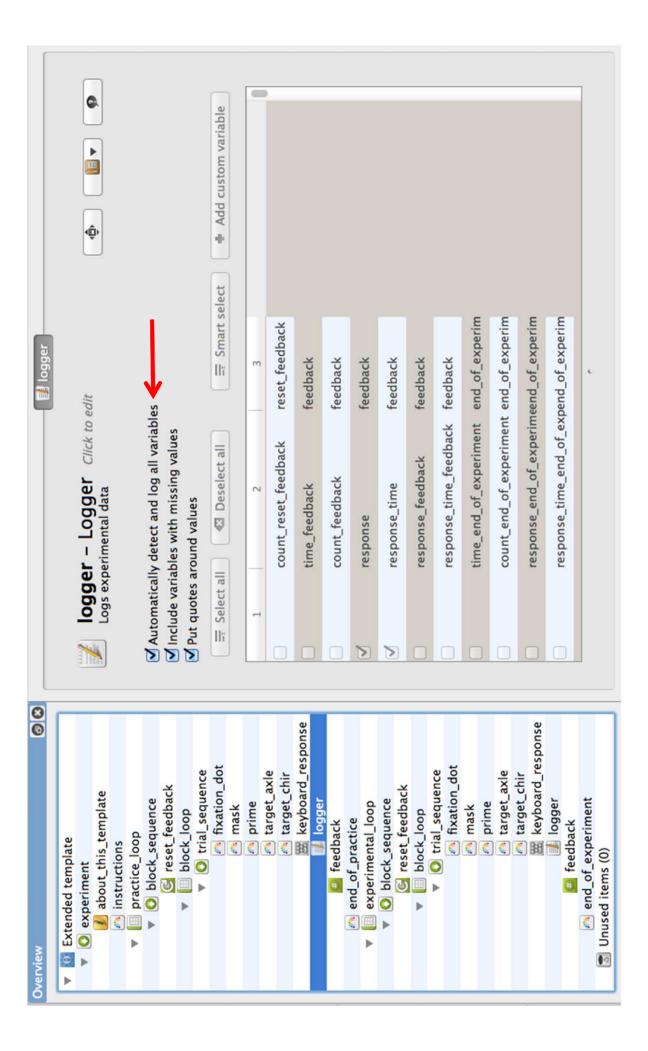
Timeout



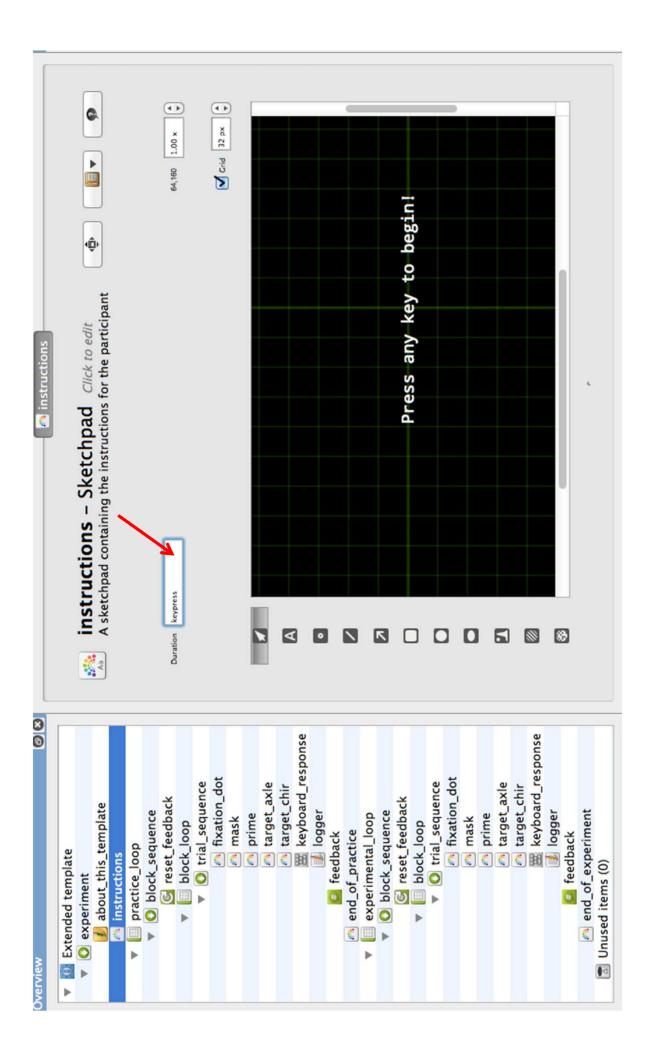
✓ Flush pending keypresses infinite

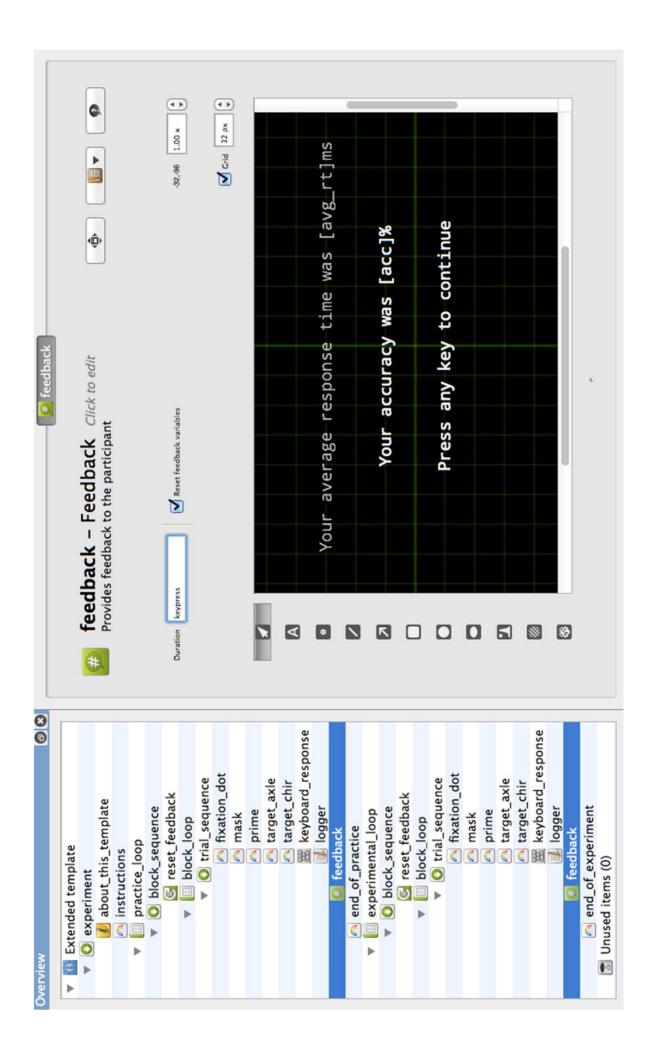
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m	3 cher	_
4	4 kwon	_

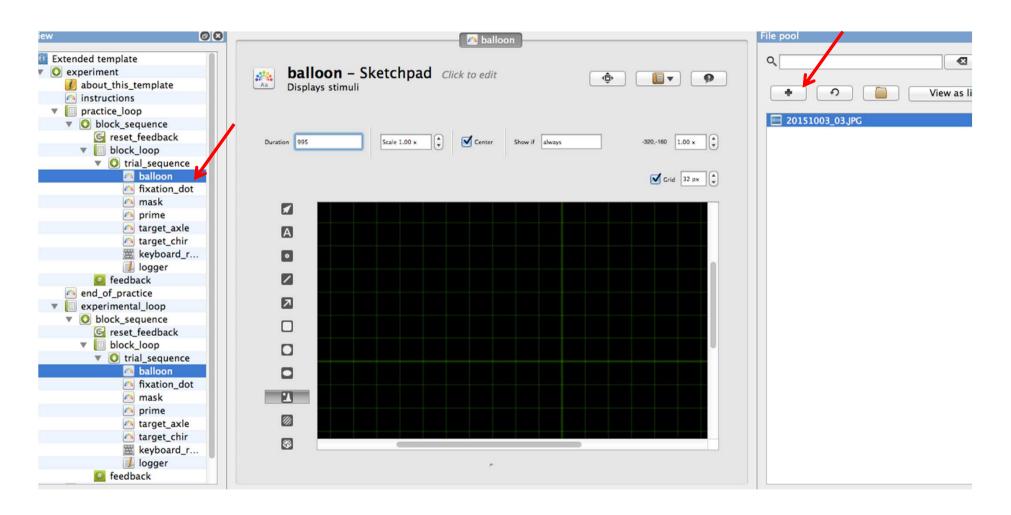






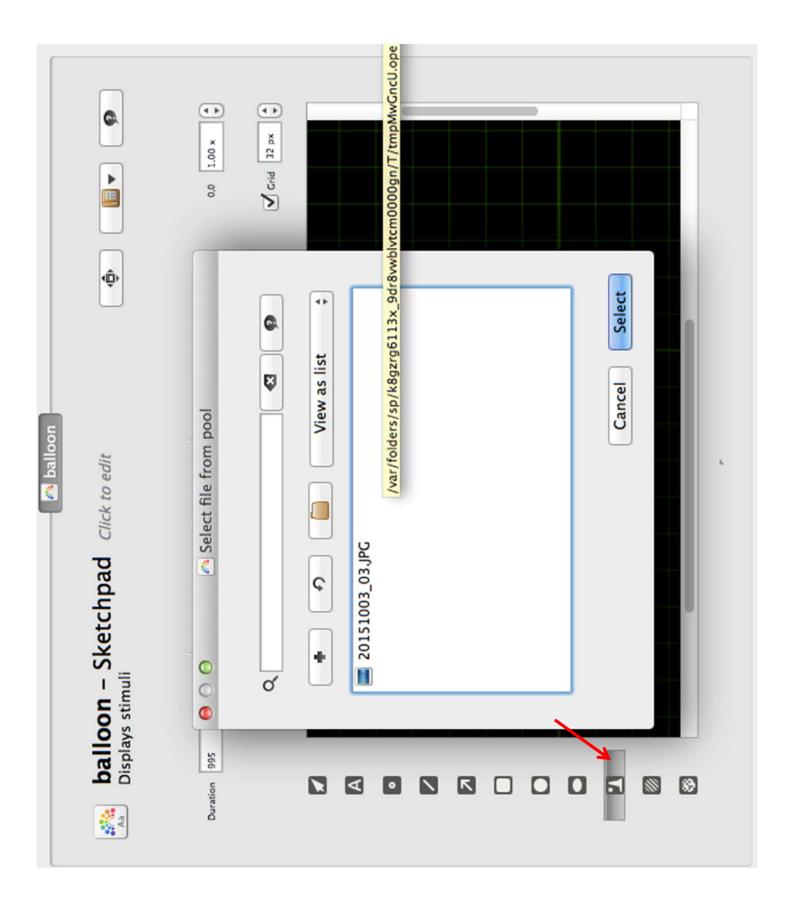


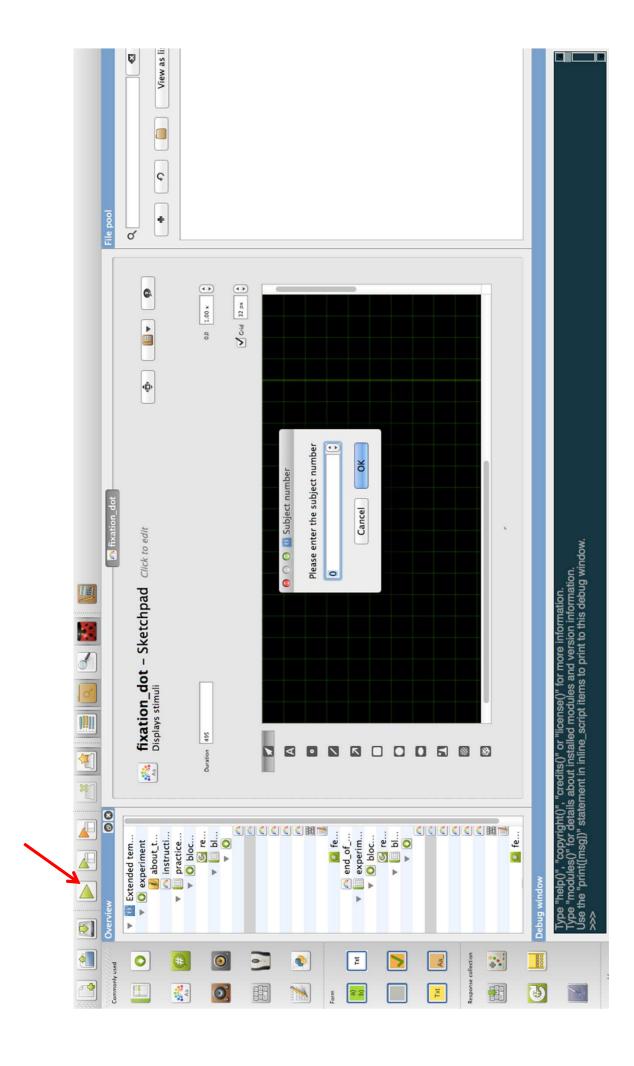
File pool

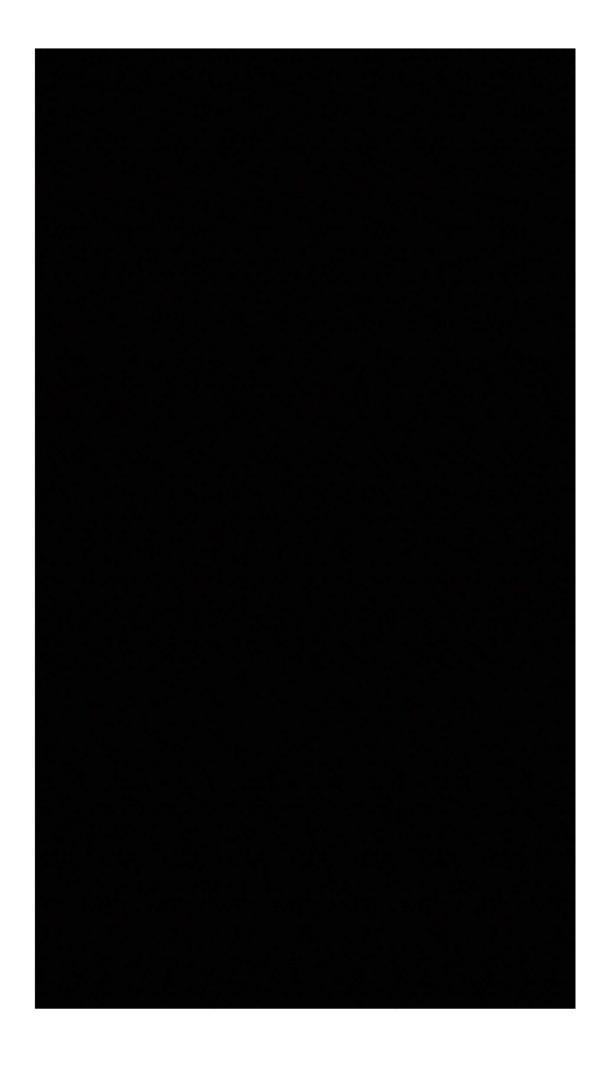


Save as .tar.gz

- Experiment file + contents of file pool (ie sounds and images)







accuracy	average_resp	correct	correct_resp	practice	response	response_tin	word
100	560	1	a	yes	a	560	corn
100	571	1	I	yes	1	583	cher
100	650	1	1	yes	1	809	kwon
100	610	1	a	yes	а	490	able
100	602	1	a	no	а	602	corn
100	592	1	a	no	а	582	able
100	556	1	I	no	I	484	kwon
100	575	1	1	no	1	632	cher

- No difference between word and non-word
- No difference in response time between form-related and form-unrelated

Timing

- http://www.plosone.org/article/info%3Adoi% 2F10.1371%2Fjournal.pone.0085108#pone-0085108-t001
- DMDX is more accurate in conditions that are more demanding on the hardware (eg display)
- OpenSesame 'good enough' for majority of experimental paradigms related to cognition
- Even for DMDX, depends on speed of computer, monitor, input devices...

For more information...

- http://lpl.ucsd.edu/software-survey-results
 - What researchers think about OpenSesame
- http://forum.cogsci.nl/index.php?p=/categori es/opensesame
 - Ask other people on the forum
- http://osdoc.cogsci.nl/publications/
 - How to cite OpenSesame
 - Who else used OpenSesame